

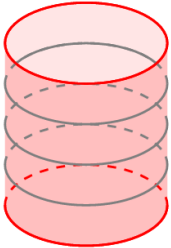
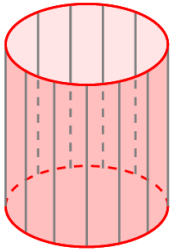
Spectrum of Boundary states in Symmetric Orbifolds

Work with Alexandre Belin and James Sully
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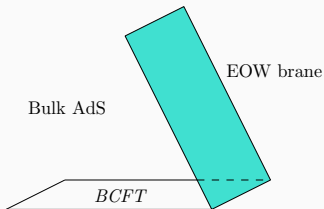
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Motivations

- What does a **typical** conformal boundary condition look like for a *holographic* BCFT? Does it give rise to a bulk AdS cut off by an **EOW brane**?



- We try to get some intuition by studying symmetric product orbifold BCFTs $\mathcal{C}_{\text{orb}} = \mathcal{C}_{\text{seed}}^{\otimes N} / \mathbf{S}_N$ in the large N limit; central charge $c_{\text{orb}} = N c_{\text{seed}} \sim N$
- The above picture is valid if the **boundary entropy** scales as $c \sim N$.

Boundary states

We impose conformal boundary condition *within* each copy i

$$L_n^{(i)} = \bar{L}_{-n}^{(i)}.$$

Let's do an example for $N = 3$. Label the seed theory boundary states

$|a\rangle, |b\rangle, |c\rangle, |d\rangle \dots$ etc. For $N = 3$ we have

all three seed states with same label: $\rightarrow |aaa\rangle$ type;

two with same label $\rightarrow |aab\rangle$ type;

all different $\rightarrow |abc\rangle$ type.

Let's look at $|aaa\rangle$ type states for simplicity.

$N = 3$ Example

In orbifold theory, we find three valid states

$$|aaa^{tri}\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} (1 |a_{(1)}\rangle |a_{(2)}\rangle |a_{(3)}\rangle + 1 |a_{(2)}\rangle |a_{(1)}\rangle |a_{(3)}\rangle + 1 |a_{(3)}\rangle |a_{(1)}\rangle |a_{(2)}\rangle) ,$$

$$|aaa^{sgn}\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} (1 |a_{(1)}\rangle |a_{(2)}\rangle |a_{(3)}\rangle - 1 |a_{(2)}\rangle |a_{(1)}\rangle |a_{(3)}\rangle + 1 |a_{(3)}\rangle |a_{(1)}\rangle |a_{(2)}\rangle) ,$$

$$|aaa^2\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} (2 |a_{(1)}\rangle |a_{(2)}\rangle |a_{(3)}\rangle + 0 |a_{(2)}\rangle |a_{(1)}\rangle |a_{(3)}\rangle - 1 |a_{(3)}\rangle |a_{(1)}\rangle |a_{(2)}\rangle) ,$$

with $|a\rangle_2 \equiv (|a_{(1)}\rangle |a_{(23)}\rangle + |a_{(2)}\rangle |a_{(13)}\rangle + |a_{(3)}\rangle |a_{(12)}\rangle)$, $|a\rangle_3 \equiv (|a_{(123)}\rangle + |a_{(132)}\rangle)$.

	(1)	(12)	(123)
χ_{tri}	1	1	1
χ_{sgn}	1	-1	1
χ_2	2	0	-1

Character table of S_3

Boundary States for Orbifold BCFT

One can also work out the $|aab\rangle, |abc\rangle$ type states.

For the choice of our boundary condition, we found a set of Cardy- consistent boundary states for symmetric orbifold BCFT

$$|\vec{n}, \vec{r}\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{N!}} \sum_{h \in S_N} \prod_{i=1}^{n_b} \left(\sum_{g_i \in S_{n_i}(N_i)} \frac{\chi^{r_i}(g_i)}{n_i!} |(a_i)_{hg_i h^{-1}}\rangle \right),$$

where the χ^{r_i} are characters of the symmetric group

Typical States and Holography

In the large N limit with respect to the **Plancherel measure**, for the **typical state**

$$\text{Finite } n_b : \begin{cases} g_{\text{bdy}} & \sim N \\ \langle O \rangle_{\text{untw}} & \sim \sqrt{N} \\ \langle O \rangle_{\text{tw}} & \sim N^0 \end{cases} \quad \text{Infinite } n_b : \begin{cases} g_{\text{bdy}} & \sim N \log N \\ \langle O \rangle_{\text{untw}} & \sim \sqrt{N} \\ \langle O \rangle_{\text{tw}} & = 0. \end{cases}$$

Infinite (e.g. irrational) seed BCFTs do not appear to have a nice bulk dual. For finite seed theories (e.g. a minimal model), the boundary entropies and one-point functions are consistent with having a macroscopic bulk dual.

Thank you!