



# Multifrequency HBT measured with LinoSPAD2

Sergei Kulkov, Andrei Nomerotski, Lada Radmacherova,  
Ondra Matousek, Dmitrii Sevaev, Peter Svihra

Future Prospects of Intensity Interferometry Workshop

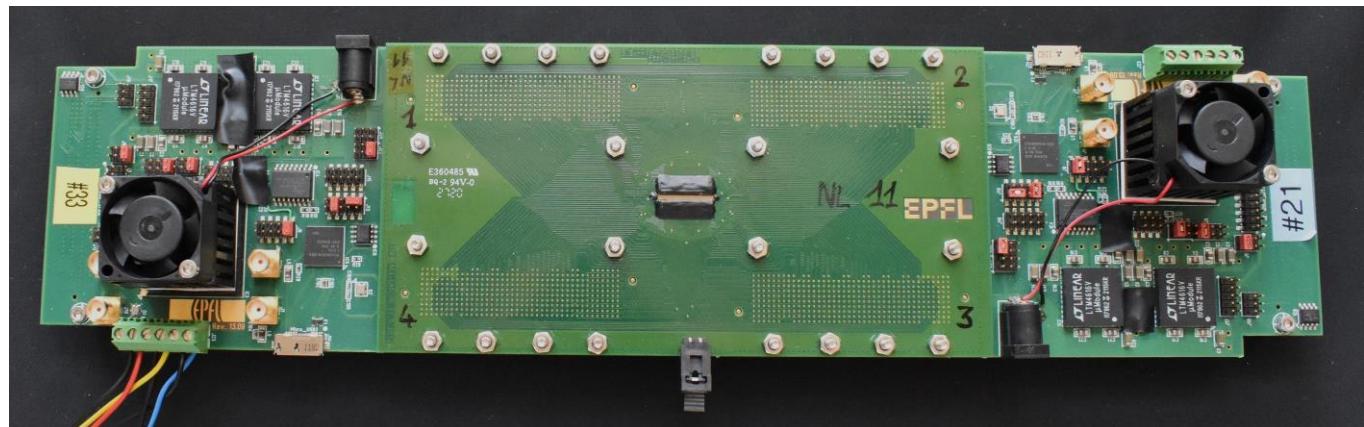
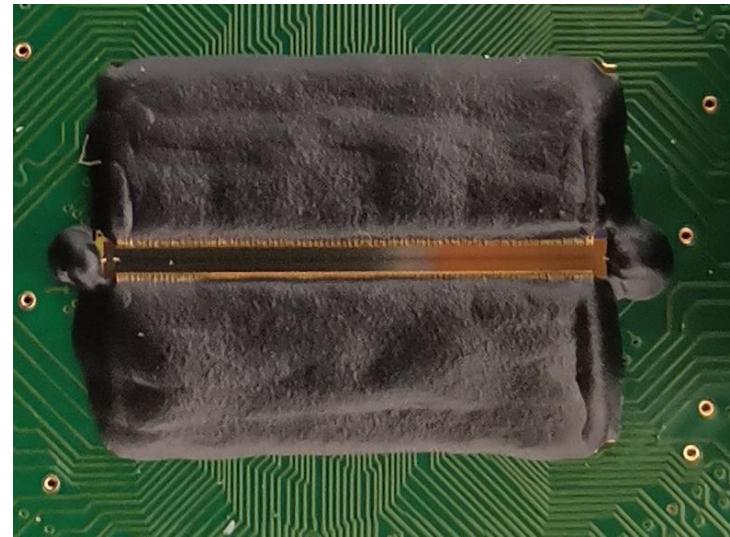
30 Oct 2024

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# The LinoSPAD2 detector

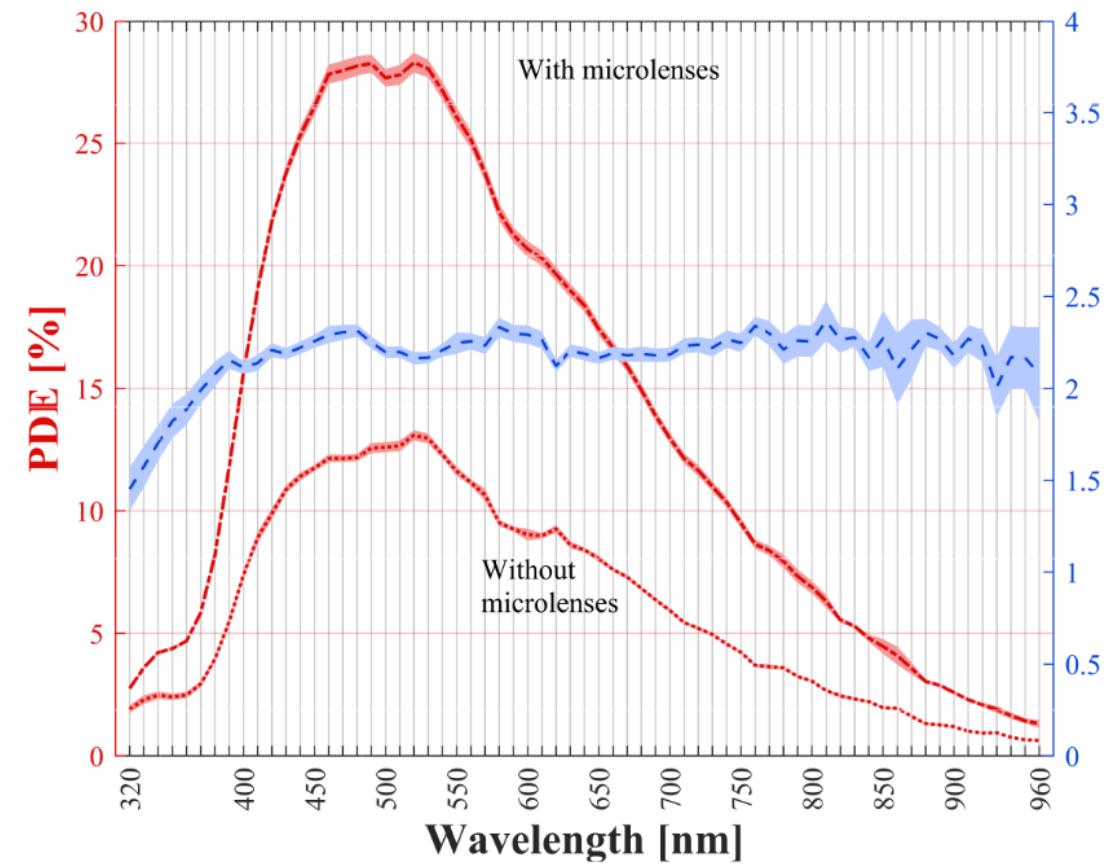
# LinoSPAD2 (1)

- Designed by AQUA lab, EPFL, Neuchâtel
- 512 x 1 SPADs
- Single-photon sensitivity
- 26.2 um pitch (~13 mm sensor)
- TDCs for timestamping
- 40 ps rms timing resolution
- ~ 20 ns dead time



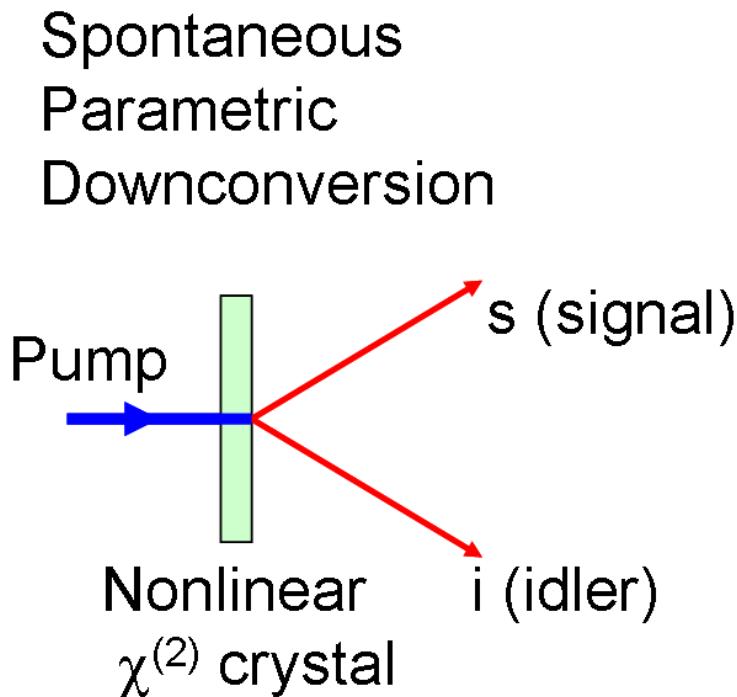
# LinoSPAD2 (2)

- Designed by AQUA lab, EPFL, Neuchâtel
- 512 x 1 SPADs
- Single-photon sensitivity
- 26.2  $\mu\text{m}$  pitch ( $\sim 13 \text{ mm}$  sensor)
- TDCs for timestamping
- 40 ps rms timing resolution
- $\sim 20 \text{ ns}$  dead time

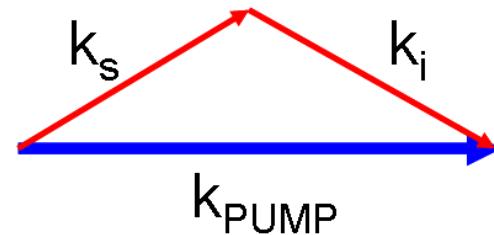


# LinoSPAD2 timing resolution

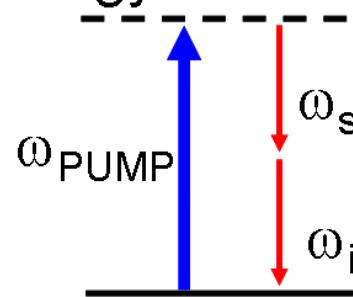
# Measurements with SPDC (1)



Momentum Conservation

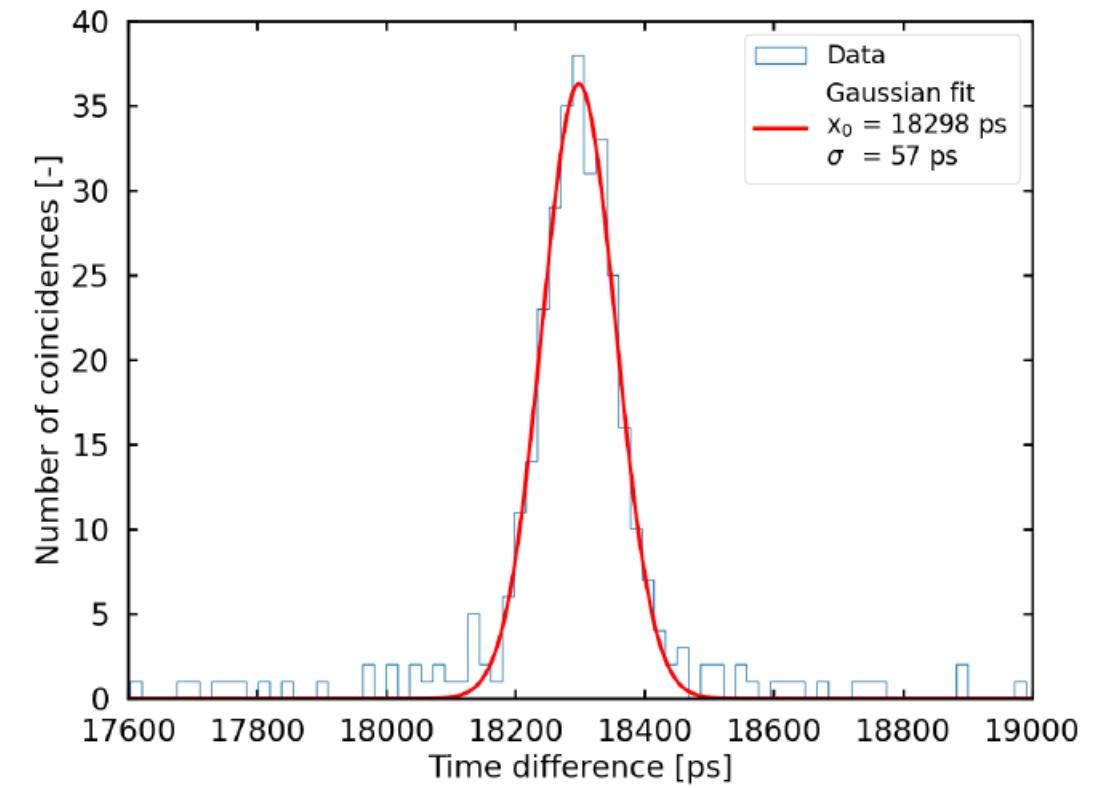
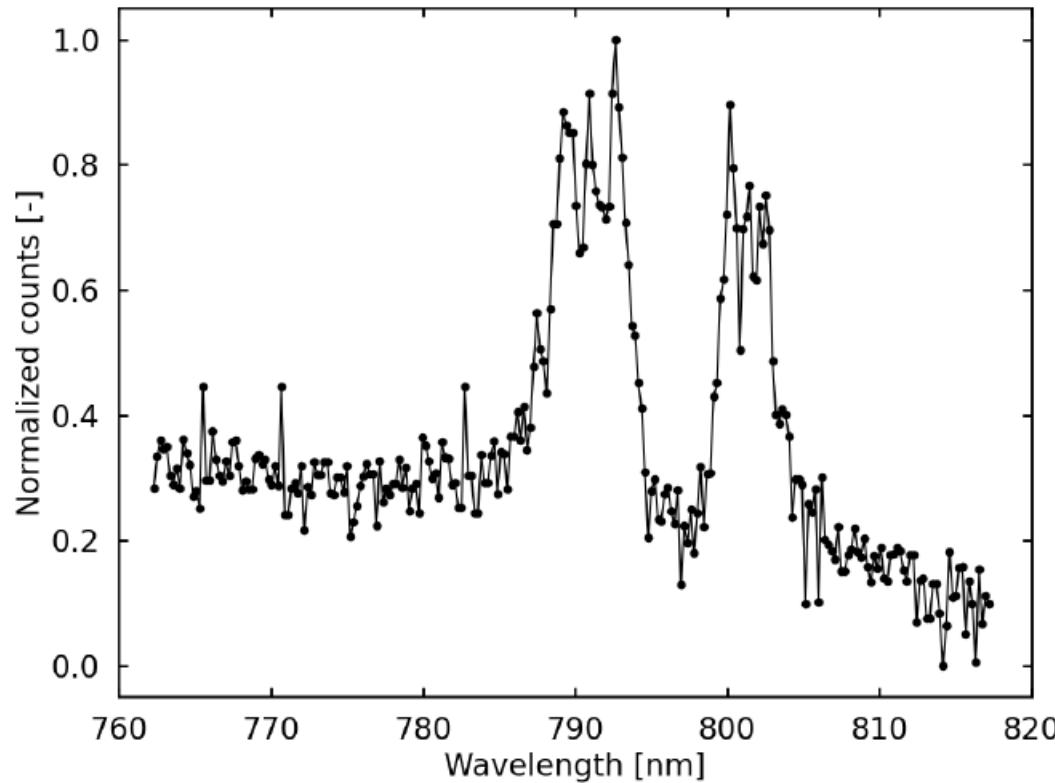


Energy conservation



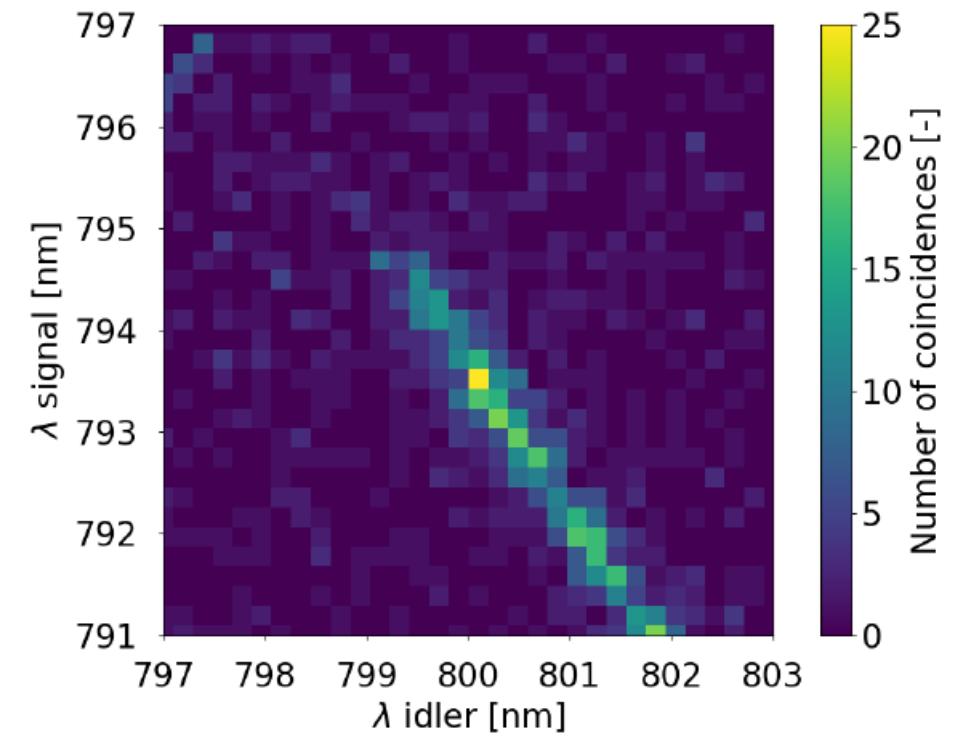
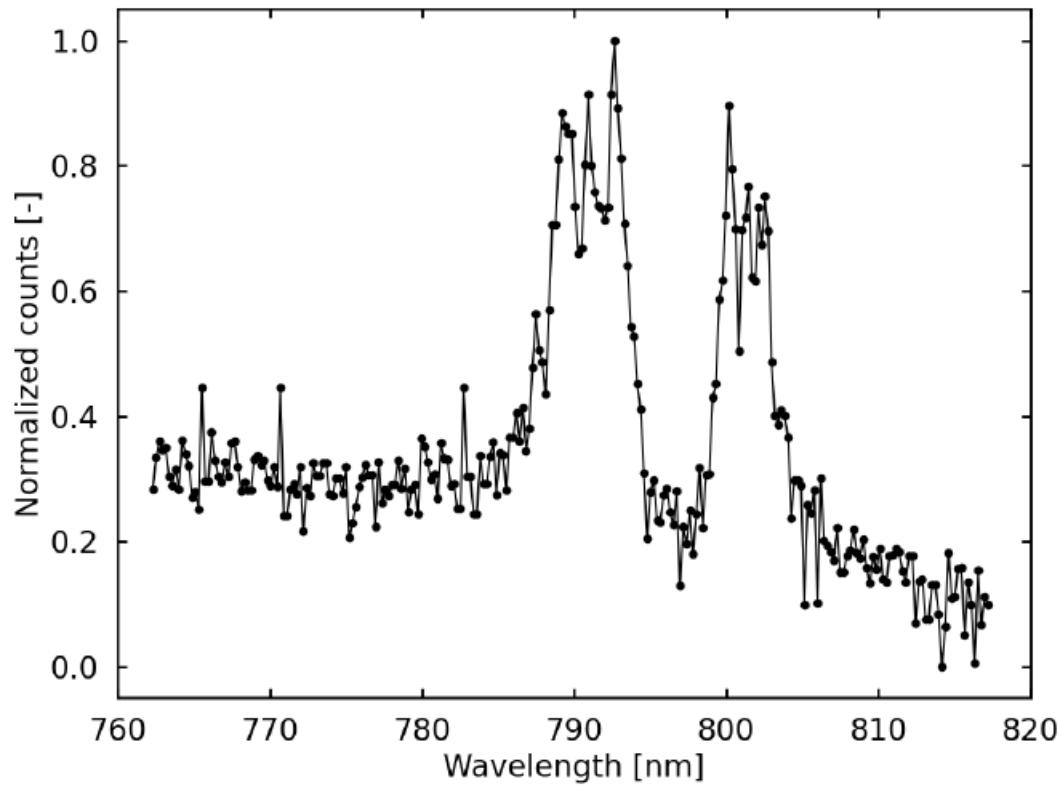
$$\varphi_{\text{PUMP}} = \varphi_s + \varphi_i$$

# Measurements with SPDC (2)



# Measurements with SPDC (3)

Arxiv  
**2304.11999**



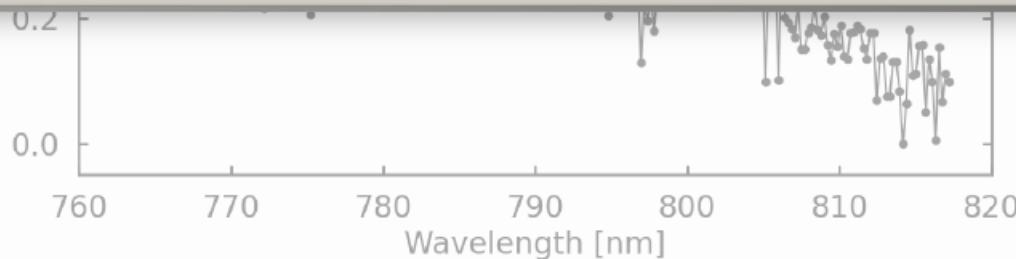
# Measurements with SPDC (3)

Arxiv  
2304.11999



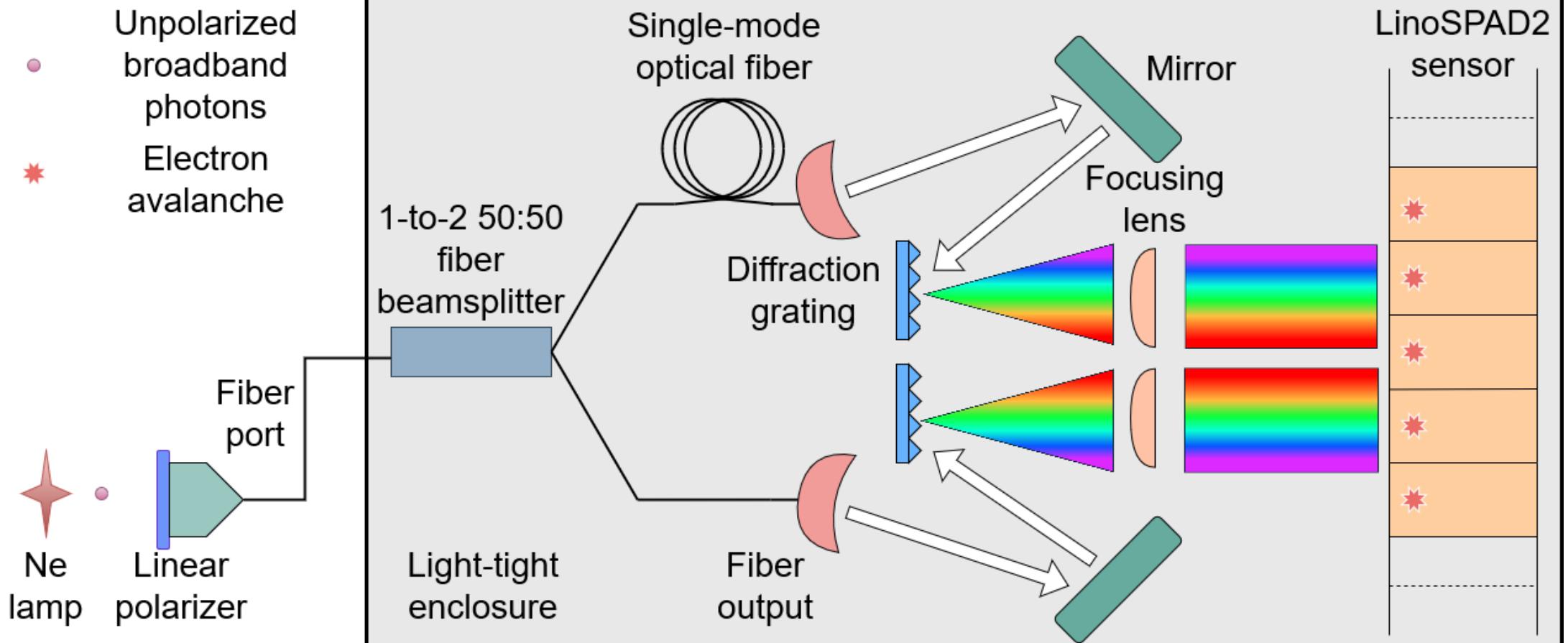
Fast data-driven spectrometer with direct measurement of time and frequency for multiple single photons

Jakub Jirsa,<sup>1,2</sup> Sergei Kulkov,<sup>1</sup> Raphael A. Abrahao,<sup>3,\*</sup> Jesse Crawford,<sup>3</sup> Aaron Muenninghoff,<sup>4</sup> Ermanno Bernasconi,<sup>5</sup> Claudio Bruschini,<sup>5</sup> Samuel Burri,<sup>5</sup> Stephen Vintskevich,<sup>6</sup> Michal Marcisovsky,<sup>1</sup> Edoardo Charbon,<sup>5</sup> and Andrei Nomerotski<sup>4,†</sup>

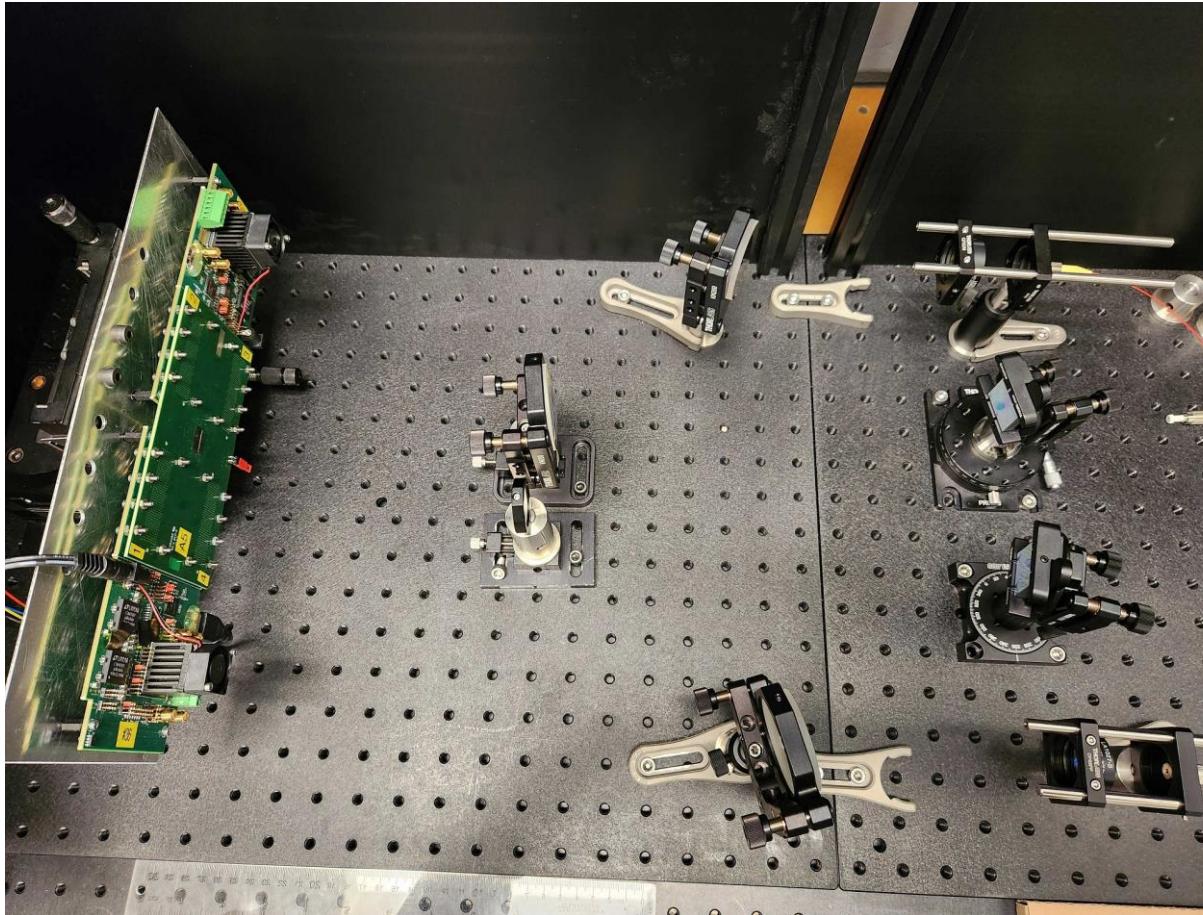


# Multiple-line HBT setup

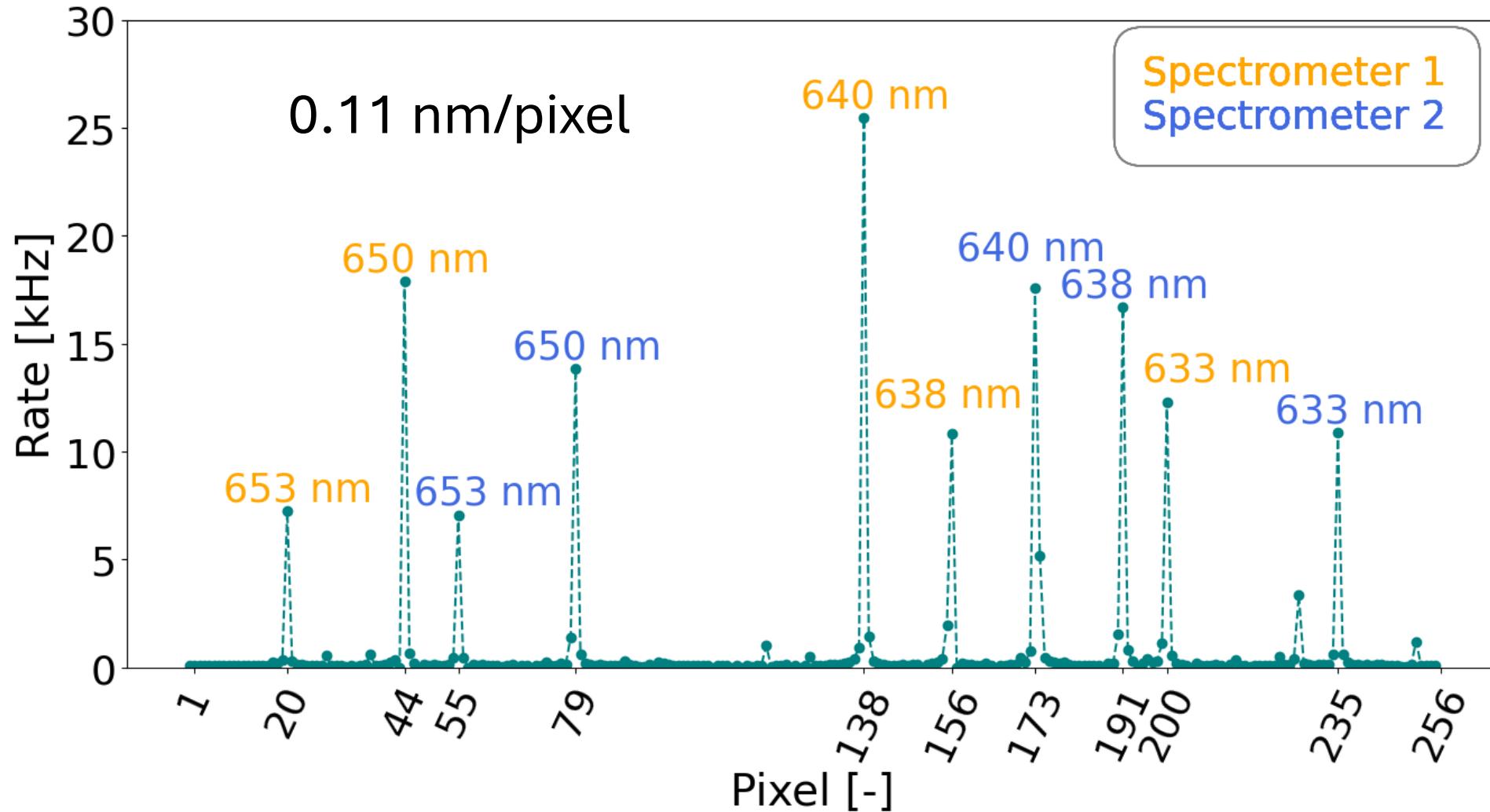
# Spectrometer setup with LinoSPAD2 (1)



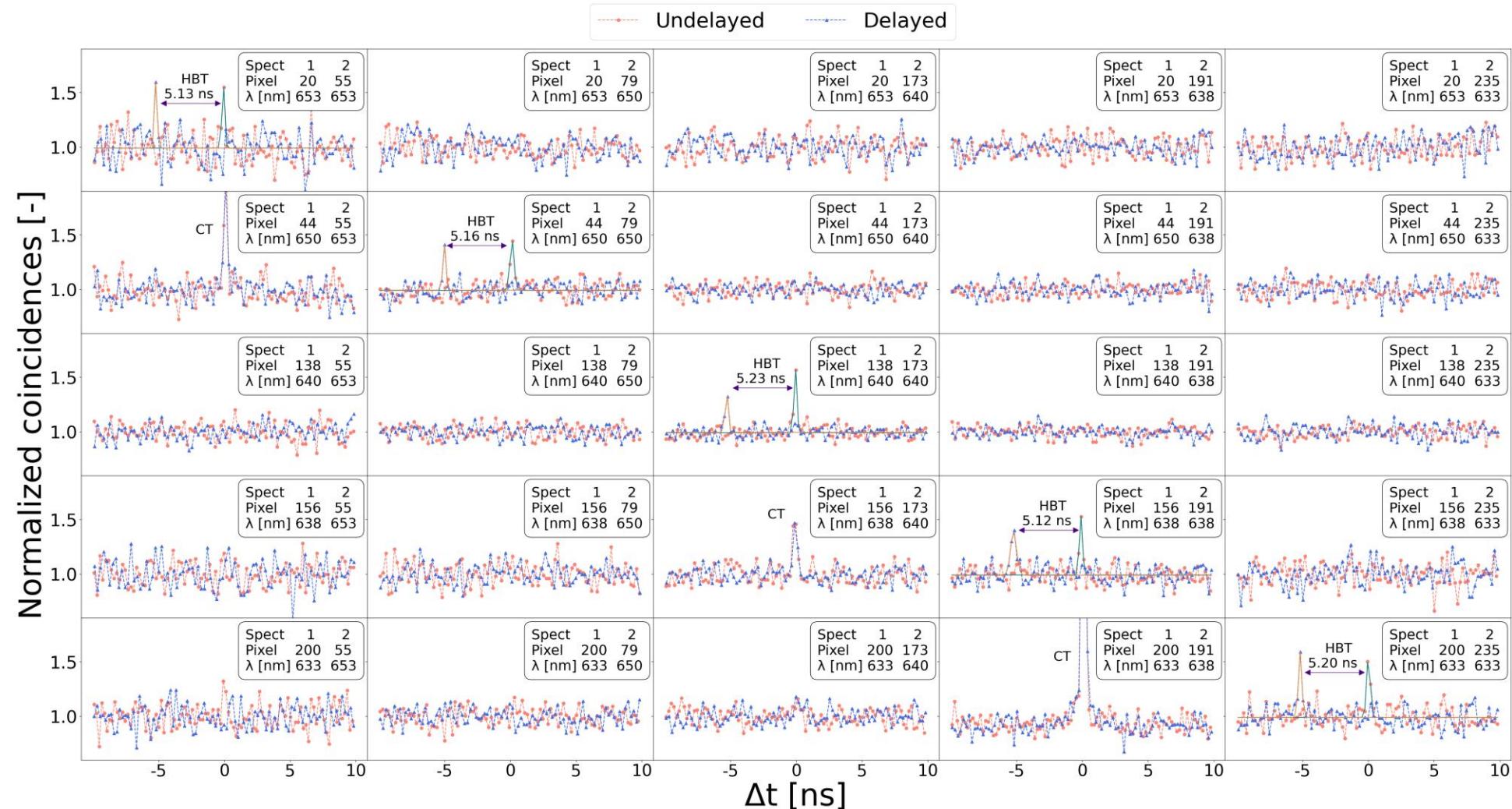
# Spectrometer setup with LinoSPAD2 (2)



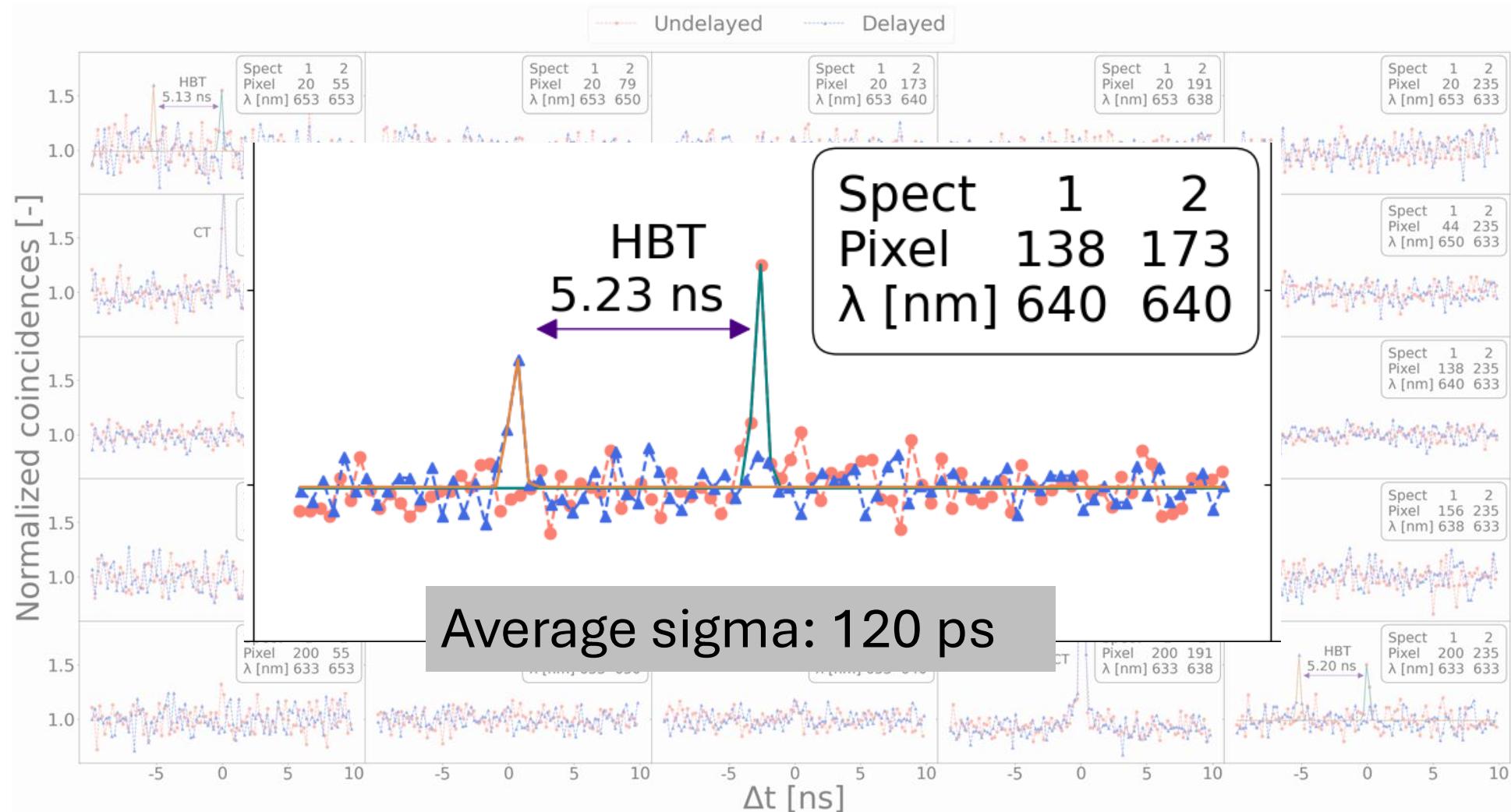
# Five-line HBT: sensor occupation



# Five-line HBT: coincidences (1)



# Five-line HBT: coincidences (2)



# The paper

[https://arxiv.org/abs/  
2406.13959](https://arxiv.org/abs/2406.13959)

## Multifrequency-resolved Hanbury Brown–Twiss Effect

Joseph Ferrantini,<sup>1,a)</sup> Jesse Crawford,<sup>1,a)</sup> Sergei Kulkov,<sup>2,a)</sup> Jakub Jirsa,<sup>2,3</sup> Aaron Mueninghoff,<sup>4</sup> Lucas Lawrence,<sup>1</sup> Stephen Vintskevich,<sup>5</sup> Tommaso Milanese,<sup>6</sup> Samuel Burri,<sup>6</sup> Ermanno Bernasconi,<sup>6</sup> Claudio Bruschini,<sup>6</sup> Michal Marcisovsky,<sup>2</sup> Peter Svihra,<sup>2</sup> Andrei Nomerotski,<sup>2,7</sup> Paul Stankus,<sup>1</sup> Edoardo Charbon,<sup>6</sup> and Raphael A. Abrahao<sup>1,b)</sup>

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<sup>2</sup>*Faculty of Nuclear Sciences and Physical Engineering, Czech Technical University, 115 19 Prague,  
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<sup>3</sup>*Faculty of Electrical Engineering, Czech Technical University, 166 27 Prague, Czech Republic*

<sup>4</sup>*Stony Brook University, Stony Brook NY 11794, USA*

<sup>5</sup>*Technology Innovation Institute, Abu Dhabi, United Arab Emirates*

<sup>6</sup>*École polytechnique fédérale de Lausanne (EPFL), CH-2002 Neuchâtel, Switzerland*

<sup>7</sup>*Florida International University, Miami FL 33199, USA*

(Dated: 21 June 2024)

**Abstract:** The Hanbury Brown-Twiss (HBT) effect holds a pivotal place in intensity interferometry and gave a seminal contribution to the development of quantum optics. To observe such an effect, both good spectral and timing resolutions are necessary. Most often, the HBT effect is observed for a single frequency at a time, due to limitations in dealing with multifrequencies simultaneously, halting and limiting some applications. Here, we report a fast and data-driven spectrometer built with a one-dimensional array of single-photon-sensitive avalanche diodes. We report observing the HBT effect for multifrequencies at the same time. Specifically, we observed the HBT for up to 5 lines of the Ne spectrum, but this can be improved even further. Our work represents a major step to make spectral binning and multifrequencies HBT more widely available. The technology we present can benefit both classical and quantum applications.

# Summary

- LinoSPAD2 is great for HBT measurements
- Simultaneous HBT measurement at multiple Ne spectral lines

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# Future plans

- Broadband HBT
- Broadband HBT from multiple spectral lines: LED + spectrometer
- Stellar intensity interferometry with LinoSPAD2

# Summary

Arxiv papers on HBT with LinoSPAD2	2406.15323 2406.13959 2304.11999
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- LinoSPAD2 is great for HBT measurements
- Simultaneous HBT measurement at multiple Ne spectral lines

## Future plans

- Broadband HBT
- Broadband HBT from multiple spectral lines: LED + spectrometer
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**Thank you for your attention!**